

**Listening script 1**

**Listen to two teenagers talking about revision. Choose the best answer.**

**Boy:** Hi, Scott. Are you OK? You don't look very well.

**Scott:** I'm not brilliant, no. I was up late last night studying for the history exam we've got this afternoon. I probably drank about five cups of coffee and didn't go to sleep until half past three.

**Boy:** I can't do that. It just makes me too tired to think of the day of the exam.

**Scott:** The problem is that I only started studying for the exam yesterday.

**Boy:** Why? Scott, we've known about it since a month ago!

**Scott:** I know, but I hate revising. I prefer to leave revision to the last minute.

**Boy:** Really? I remember more if I study for short periods every day.

**Scott:** The problem is that I never have time to study. I've got basketball practice three times a week so I don't have time to study at all on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. And I always have a match on Saturday. And then I often play football on Sundays.

**Boy:** Well, last night did you have time to revise all of the seven different topics that are coming up in the exam?

**Scott:** Seven? I thought there were only five! Anyway, I only studied three of the topics, because I haven't got any notes for some of them. I don't know if I've lost them or if I just didn't write anything down in the first place. Anyway, there are only three questions in today's exam, aren't there?

**Boy:** Yes, but what if the questions are about the topics you haven't studied?

**Scott:** I looked at last year's exam and chose the topics that didn't come up last year. Anyway, if I do two questions really well, I can pass.

**Boy:** But Scott! Didn't you hear what the teacher said? He said that in this exam you have to answer everything.

**Scott:** Did he? I don't remember that! Oh dear, I'm going to fail, aren't I?

**Boy:** Look, the exam's after lunch. You can study some of the other topics during the lunch break.

**Scott:** Yes, in theory, I could. But mum brought me to school in her car this morning because I was so tired and I left my books and papers in the car. She goes home for lunch, but it'd take too long to go home and come back again.

**Boy:** Listen, Scott, the only good thing is that this is the first exam of the term. There are lots of exams this year so you can try to get a higher mark next time.

**Listening script 2**

**Listen to a radio documentary on the history of the internet and put the events below in the correct order (1-5)**

How old is the internet? Different experts suggest different dates. It depends on what they understand the internet to be. We know that in 1965, the Advanced Research Projects Agency (ARPA), under the US Department of Defence, began work on a system to connect computers. They called the project ARPANET.

On September 2nd, 1969, in a laboratory at the University of California, Professor Leonard Kleinrock connected the first two machines. For many people, that day the internet was born. The next month they sent the first message to a computer at Stanford University.

By January 1970, ARPANET connected computers in four American universities, and by the following year there were 23 in the system, connecting different universities and research institutes. In 1973, Ray Tomlinson sent the first email via ARPANET. In the same year, the ARPANET went international, connecting computers in England and Norway.

The next step was to connect different networks and to create an 'Internetwork'. In 1974, Bob Kahn and Vincent Cerf invented a software called TCP/IP that connected networks using different operating systems. On January 1st, 1983, this software became the universal language of the internet - many experts think that this event was the real birth of the internet because it made it possible to link different networks in one web.

In 1993, two programmers, Marc Andreessen and Eric Bina, launched the first version of Mosaic- the first graphics-based browser of the type we all use today- which made the internet an easy means to browse websites, get information and spread news.